

# Glucose Dehydrogenase



## **FAD-GDH** with reduced xylose interference

BBI Solutions offers a next generation FAD-Dependent Glucose Dehydrogenase (FAD-GDH). FAD-GDH with reduced xylose interference is part of our market leading range of enzymes for blood glucose monitoring, it reduces crossreactivity with a range of sugars, provides increased specificity to glucose and improves reactivity and stability.



The table below shows the specificity for our different grades:

	GLD1	GLD3	GLD4
D (+)-Glucose	100%	100%	100%
D (+)-Galactose	0.41%	0.27%	1.98%
D (+)-Maltose	0.30%	0.67%	6.89%
D (+)-Mannose	4.50%	1.73%	1.08%
D (+)-Xylose	12.40%	1.60%	6.07%
2-deoxy-D-glucose	43.20%	39.8%	56.2%

Specificity was measured by substituting different sugars (concentration 200mM) for glucose in the BBI FAD-GDH assay.

### **Key benefits**



#### Increased accuracy

Reduced cross-reactivity with Mannose, Galactose, and Xylose, providing increased specificity to glucose.



#### Higher reactivity

Providing a faster signal to the end user.



#### Improved stability

Improved pH and temperature stability enhances reliable strip performance.



# Cost effectiveness

Increased reactivity allows the use of fewer units per strip



#### Supply security

Bulk supply available, offering control over manufacturing processes and supply chain.

# Which grade is right for me?

Our three grades if FAD-GDH (GLD1, GLD3 and GLD4) offer proven performance in a range of systems. The decision on which one is right for you will depend on your individual application.

# FAD-GDH with reduced xylose interference



Product description	Glucose dehydrogenase (FAD-dependent)
Product code	GLD4
E.C. number	1.1.5.9
CAS number	9035-82-9
EINECS number	232-907-4
Systematic name	D-Glucose: (flavin adenine dinucleotide) dehydrogenase
Alternative name	Glucose dehydrogenase (FAD-) (III)
Source	Microorganism
Form	Freeze-dried material
Storage conditions	Store desiccated at -15C or below. Allow to come to room temperature before opening. Before returning to storage, re-desiccate under vacuum over silica gel for a minimum of four hours
Unit definition	That amount of enzyme causing the reduction of one micromole of 2,6-Dichlorophenol-indophenol per minute at 37°C and pH 6.5
Activity	Not less than 300 U/mg material
Solubility	Dissolves readily at 5mg/ml in 0.05M potassium phosphate buffer, pH 6.5 to give a clear solution

# **Related Products**

Application area	Product name	Code	Activity
Biosensors	FAD Dependent Glucose Dehydrogenase	GLD1	> 625 U/mg material
Biosensors	Glucose Oxidase	GO3A	~360 U/mg protein
Biosensors	Glucose Oxidase	GO3B2	~360 U/mg protein
Biosensors	Glucose Oxidase	GO3B3	~360 U/mg protein